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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/031,654	11/13/2001	Elizabeth Jane Acosta	YAMAP0793US	6310	
75	590 . 11/13/2003		EXAMINER		
Neil A. Duchez			NGO, HUYEN LE		
Renner, Otto, B	loisselle & Sklar	. •			
1621 Euclid Avenue			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
19th Floor			2871		
Cleveland, OH	44115		D. MEN. A. H. ED. 11/10/000		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

æ.		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/031,6	654	ACOSTA ET AL.	
•	Office Action Summary	<sup>a</sup> Examine	er	Art Unit	Q.
			en L. Ngo	2871	pw
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN risions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comr period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 period for reply is specified above, the maximum st re to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e nunication. s0) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and we will, by statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be time atutory minimum of thirty (30) day will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely, the mailing date of this con D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.
1)	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on <u>30 May 2003</u>			
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action is	s non-final.		
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the pracon of Claims				merits is
· · ·	Claim(s) <u>1,3-5,7-14,16-23 and 25-3</u>	37 is/are pending in th	ne application.		
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3,8-13,21-</u>			onsideration.	
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
· _	Claim(s) <u>1,4,5,7,14,16-20 and 32-33</u>	5 is/are reiected.			
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
·	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or election	requirement.		
	on Papers		•		
9)🛛	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.			
10)🛛 -	The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 Novembe</u>	<u>r 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ ad	ccepted or b) objected t	to by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any ob	jection to the drawing(s	s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) 🔲 -	The proposed drawing correction file	d on is: a)☐ a	approved b) disappro	oved by the Examiner	•,
	If approved, corrected drawings are re	quired in reply to this C	Office action.		
12) 🔲 -	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)⊠	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).	
a)[	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	en received.		
	2. Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	en received in Applicati	on No	
* S	3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Interrise the attached detailed Office action	national Bureau (PCT	Rule 17.2(a)).		tage
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim f	or domestic priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional a	application).
	) $\square$ The translation of the foreign lark Acknowledgment is made of a claim $\circ$		• •		
Attachmen	t(s)	•			
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) P	•	·	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s Patent Application (PTO	

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election **without** traverse of species I (figure 11), which reads on claims 1, 4, 5, 7, 14,16-20 and 32-35, in the response filed on May 30, 2003 is acknowledged.

Claims 3, 8-13, 21-23, 25-31, 36 and 37 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

# Specification

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 4, 16 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnett et al. (EP869470A1 or US6104368A) in view of Tillin et al. (GB231878A or US6204904B1) provided in Applicants' IDS.

With respect to claims 1 and 16, Bonnett et al. disclose (col. 8, line 5 to col. 9, line 45, and Figs. 11-13) a reflective liquid crystal device (LCD) comprising in sequence a retarder arrangement comprising two retarders, and a reflector, characterized in that:

- a first of said retarders provides a retardation of substantially  $m\lambda/2$  and
- a second of the retarders provides a retardation of substantially nλ/4 where m=1
  is an integer and n=1 is an odd integer,
- at least one of the said first and second retarders comprises a Bistable Twisted Nematic (BTN) liquid crystal, and the at least one of the said first and second retarders is switchable between a first state in which the retarder provides a retardation of substantially mλ/2 or nλ/4 and a second state in which the retardation is substantially zero.

However, Bonnett et al. fails to disclose a linear polariser on the retarders.

It is well known in the art to have a linear polariser on retarders for linearly polarizing unpolarized light incidence on the linear polariser, and to either transmit or absorb the light reflects from the retarders for displaying a preferred image as evidenced by Tillin et al. with the linear polariser 1 adjacent to the retarders 3-5 and the reflector 2 (see description of figures 1-7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify a reflective liquid crystal device as disclosed by Bonnett et al. with a linear polariser on the retarders for linearly polarizing unpolarized light incidents on it and to either transmit or absorb the light reflects from the retarders for displaying a preferred image, as taught by Tillin et al.

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 the BTN liquid crystal in Bonnett et al. reflective LCD is switchable between a first state in which it substantially converts linearly polarized light to circularly polarized light and a second state in which it does not convert linearly polarized light to circularly polarized light

With respect to claims 17-19,

 the wavelength λ in Bonnett et al. reflective LCD is an operating wavelength of the reflective liquid crystal device and is in the range of visible spectrum centered about 520nm which is within the ranges of 400-700nm.

With respect to claim 20,

 the retarder in Bonnett et al. reflective LCD comprising a BTN liquid crystal provides a retardation of nλ/4.

Therefore, Bonnett et al. reflective LCD in view of Tillin et al. would obviously comprise all the limitations recited in claims 1, 4,16 and 17-20.

Claims 1, 5, 7 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tillin et al. (GB231878A or US6204904B1) in view of Bonnett et al. (EP869470A1 or US6104368A) provided in applicants' IDS.

With respect to claim 1, Tillin et al. teach (col. 10, lines 1-9 and Fig. 7) a reflective liquid crystal device (LCD) comprising in sequence

a linear polariser 1

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a retarder arrangement comprising two retarders 3-5 and a reflector 2
 characterized in that, in at least one state of the device, a first of said retarders
 acts to rotate linearly polarized light of wavelength λ, and

a second of the retarders acts to convert linearly polarized light of wavelength yλ
 (where y=1 and 0.7<y<1.3) to substantially circular polarized light</li>

However, Tillin et al. fail to disclose at least one of the said first and second retarders comprises a Bistable Twisted Nematic (BTN) liquid crystal.

Bonnett et al. teach forming a reflective LCD having at least one of the two retarders comprised a Bistable Twisted Nematic (BTN) liquid crystal for fast switching and addressing waveforms.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify a reflective liquid crystal device as disclosed by Tillin et al. with at least one of the said first and second retarders comprising a Bistable Twisted Nematic (BTN) liquid crystal for fast switching and addressing waveforms.

Tillin et al. reflective LCD as modified by Bonnett et al above would obviously comprise all the features recited in the following claims since Tillin et al. reflective LCD disclose that:

(Claim 5)

the retarder adjacent to the linear polarizer 1 is a fixed retarder 3 with an optic
 axis at an angle θ<sub>1</sub>, to either the transmission or absorption axis of the polariser,

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and the retarder 4 adjacent to the reflector 2 is a BTN which in the low twist state,  $\theta$ , has the input director (LC director at cell surface adjacent to retarder) at an angle  $\theta_2$ =  $2\theta_1$ +  $\theta(\Phi)$  + x, wherein x<5°

(Claim 7)

•  $\theta_1$  is substantially 15° and the low twist state is substantially  $\Phi$  = 0° (as shown in Figure 16)

(Claim 14)

the retarder adjacent to the polariser is a BTN which in the low twist state has Φ
 = 0° and optic axis at an angle α to either the transmission or absorption axis of the polariser and retarder adjacent to the reflector is a fixed retarder with optic axis at an angle 2α+45°+x, wherein x < 5°, preferably 0°</li>

Therefore, Tillin et al. reflective LCD in view of Bonnett et al. would obviously comprise all the limitations recited in claims 1, 5, 7 and 14.

Claims 32-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bonnett et al. in view of Tillin et al. as applied to claims 1 and 16 above, and further in view of Takahashi et al. (US6061042A).

Takahashi et al. teach (col. 5 lines 8-26) a BTN that switches between a state  $\Phi$  and  $\Phi\pm180^\circ$  (claims 33 &35), and between a state  $\Phi$  and  $\Phi\pm360^\circ$  (claims 32 &34) for achieving a multilevel gray scale in the liquid crystal display device.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify the reflective LCD of Bonnett in view

of Tillin et al. with at least one of the said first and second retarders comprising a Bistable Twisted Nematic (BTN) liquid crystal switching between a state  $\Phi$  and  $\Phi\pm180^{\circ}$  (claims 33 &35), and between a state  $\Phi$  and  $\Phi\pm360^{\circ}$  (claims 32 &34) for achieving a multilevel gray scale in the reflective LCD, as taught by Takahashi et al.

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## Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Dozov et al. (US 20030128314 A)\_disclose Bistable device for reflection display with inverse contrast.

Lee (US 6469768 B1) discloses a bistable twisted-nematic mode reflective liquid crystal display.

## Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Julie-Huyen L. Ngo whose telephone number is (703) 305-3508. The Examiner can normally be reached on T-Friday.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Mr. Robert H. Kim can be reached at (703) 305-3492.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

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Papers related to this application may be submitted by facsimile transmission at the centralized facsimile number (703) 872-9306.

October 15, 2003

Patent Examiner
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